CITY OF PONDERAY

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended September 30, 2021

Prepared by

ANDERSONBROS.CPA

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CITY OF PONDERAY, IDAHO

ORGANIZATION

MAYOR

Steve Geiger

CITY COUNCIL

CITY CLERK/TREASURER

POLICE CHIEF

Brad Mitton

Kathy Osborne

Brenda Thompson

Phil McNearny

Su Warren

Jimmy Cornelius

CITY PLANNER

Erik Brubaker

CITY ATTORNEY

Louis Marshall





1810 E Schneidmiller Ave. Ste. 310 Post Falls, Idaho 83854 208-777-1099

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and City Council City of Ponderay, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Ponderay, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Ponderay, Idaho, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of City's Share of Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of City's Contributions, and the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Supplementary Information

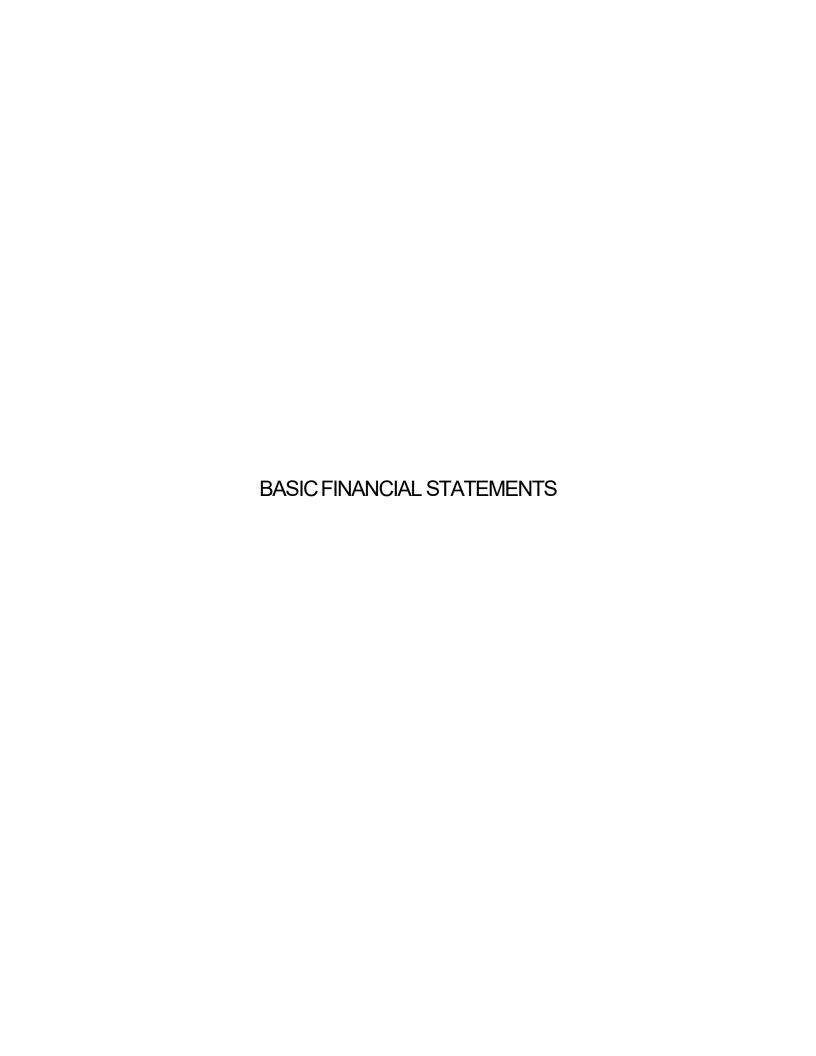
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Ponderay, Idaho's basic financial statements. The detailed statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The detailed statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combined statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 2, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Ponderay, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Ponderay, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson Bros. CPAs
Post Falls, Idaho
June 2, 2022



CITY OF PONDERAY Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

| | Government Activities |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash & Investments | \$ 6,885,361 |
| Cash & Investments - Restricted | 876,545 |
| Accounts Receivable | |
| Property Taxes | 36,612 |
| Interest Receivable | 449 |
| Other Receivables | 224,560 |
| Prepaid Expenses | 58,347 |
| Capital Assets | |
| Land | 4,238,285 |
| Capital Assets, net | 3,152,819 |
| Net Pension Asset | 16,347 |
| Total Assets | 15,489,325 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| PERSI Pension Plan | 276,649 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 276,649 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Accounts Payable & Accrued Expenses | 71,683 |
| Compensated Absences | 45,781 |
| Deferred Grant Revenue | 297,644 |
| Total Liabilities | 415,108 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| PERSI Pension Plan | 524,226 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 524,226 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 7,391,104 |
| Restricted - Impact Fees | 876,545 |
| Unrestricted | 6,558,991 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 14,826,640 |
| | +,323,010 |

CITY OF PONDERAY Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2021

| | Expenses | | narges for Services | C G | am Revenues Derating rants and ntributions | l Grants & ributions | Re C N Go | t (Expenses) evenues and Changes in et Position overnmental Activities |
|---|--|--|--|--------|--|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Functions/Programs Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | |
| General Government Planning and Zoning Law Enforcement Highways and Streets | \$ 296,380 636,536 781,548 249,564 | \$ | 19,015 547,384 22,001 | \$ | 33,478 33,011 - 248,107 | \$ - - - | \$ | (243,887) (56,141) (759,547) (1,457) |
| Total Governmental Activities Total Primary Government | \$ 1,964,028 1,964,028 | \$ | 588,400 588,400 | \$ | 314,596 314,596 | \$ | | (1,061,032) (1,061,032) |
| | | Prope Bed T Penal Other Franc Intere Rents Other Pensi | ties and Intere Governmenta hise Fees st Earnings | l | ınd Transfers | | | 1,013,638 409,471 9,424 3,489,417 42,126 7,598 7,787 34,801 4,082 5,018,344 |
| | | | nge in Net Pos ition-Beginning | | | | | 3,957,312 10,869,328 |
| | | | ition-Beginning ition-Ending | J | | | \$ | 14,826,640 |

CITY OF PONDERAY

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

| | General | Street | | | |
|--|--------------|------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Fund | Fund | Total | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash & Investments | \$ 6,401,124 | \$ 484,237 | \$ 6,885,361 | | |
| Cash & Investments - Restricted | 617,454 | 259,091 | 876,545 | | |
| Receivables: | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 36,612 | - | 36,612 | | |
| Interest Receivable | 449 | - | 449 | | |
| Other Receivables | 201,795 | 22,765 | 224,560 | | |
| Prepaid Expenses | 58,347 | - | 58,347 | | |
| Due From Other Funds | 426,280 | - | 426,280 | | |
| Total Assets | \$ 7,742,061 | \$ 766,093 | \$ 8,508,154 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable & Accrued Expenses | \$ 67,016 | \$ 4,667 | \$ 71,683 | | |
| Due to Other Funds | · | 426,280 | 426,280 | | |
| Deferred Grant Revenue | 297,644 | - - | 297,644 | | |
| Total Liabilities | 364,660 | 430,947 | 795,607 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes | 35,920 | _ | 35,920 | | |
| Total Deferred Inflow of Resources | 35,920 | | 35,920 | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | |
| Prepaid Expenses | 58,347 | _ | 58,347 | | |
| Restricted: | | | | | |
| Impact Fees | 617,454 | 259,091 | 876,545 | | |
| Committed: | - | - | - | | |
| Assigned: | | | | | |
| SPOT Transit System | 75,000 | - | 75,000 | | |
| Unassigned | 6,590,680 | 76,055 | 6,666,735 | | |
| Total Fund Balances | 7,341,481 | 335,146 | 7,676,627 | | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances | \$ 7,742,061 | \$ 766,093 | \$ 8,508,154 | | |

CITY OF PONDERAY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2021

| Total fund balances at September 30, 2021 - Governmental Funds | | \$ 7,676,627 |
|--|-------------|------------------|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds: | | |
| Cost of capital assets at September 30, 2021 | 9,230,012 | |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation as of September 30, 2021 | (1,838,908) | 7,391,104 |
| Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of fund equity that will be reported as an outflow of resources in a future period and therefore, are not reported in the funds: | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources-pension plan | | 276,649 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: | | |
| Elimination of unavailable revenue - property taxes | | 35,920 |
| Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of fund equity that will be recognized as an inflow of resources in a future period and therefore, are not reported in the funds: | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources-pension plan | | (524,226) |
| Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefor, are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of: | | |
| Net Pension Asset | 16,347 | |
| Compensated absences | (45,781) | (29,434) |
| Net position of governmental activities at September 30, 202 | | \$ 14,826,640 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements and independent auditors' report.

CITY OF PONDERAY

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types Year Ended September 30, 2021

| | General Street Fund Fund | | Total | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 1,013,038 | \$ 4,576 | \$ 1,017,614 |
| Bed Tax | | 409,471 | - | 409,471 |
| Penalties, Interest & Fines | | 29,231 | 2,194 | 31,425 |
| Rents | | 7,787 | - | 7,787 |
| Other Governmental | | 3,633,509 | 180,825 | 3,814,334 |
| Licenses & Permits | | 241,482 | - | 241,482 |
| Franchise Fees | | - | 42,126 | 42,126 |
| Interest Earnings | | 7,596 | 2 | 7,598 |
| Grant Income | | 66,489 | 248,107 | 314,596 |
| Other | | 34,801 | - | 34,801 |
| Total Revenues | | 5,443,404 | 477,830 | 5,921,234 |
| | | | | · |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General Government | | 373,918 | - | 373,918 |
| Planning and Zoning | | 591,769 | - | 591,769 |
| Law Enforcement | | 742,231 | - | 742,231 |
| Highways and Streets | | - | 92,201 | 92,201 |
| Capital Outlay | | 481,023 | 92,820 | 573,843 |
| Debt Service: | | | | - |
| Principal | | 121,000 | - | 121,000 |
| Interest | | 3,688 | - | 3,688 |
| Total Expenditures | | 2,313,629 | 185,021 | 2,498,650 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures | | 3,129,775 | 292,809 | 3,422,584 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | |
| Transfers | | - | _ | - |
| Total Other Sources (Uses) | | - | - | - |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | 3,129,775 | 292,809 | 3,422,584 |
| Fund Balance - October 1 | | 4,211,706 | 42,337 | 4,254,043 |
| Fund Balance - September 30 | \$ | 7,341,481 | \$ 335,146 | \$ 7,676,627 |

City of Ponderay

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

| Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds | | \$ 3,422,584 |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expenses. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. | | |
| Capital Outlay Depreciation | | 573,843 (247,509) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | |
| Deferred Tax | | (3,976) |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leased) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Capital Lease - Principal Payments | | 121,000 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. | | |
| (Increase)/ Decrease in Compensated Absence Liability | (6,003) | |
| Decrease in PERSI Contributions | 93,291 4,082 | |
| Increase in Pension Plan Expenses | 4,002 | |
| The net pension effect related to the pension expense recognized for the year. | | 91,370 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ 3,957,312 |

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City of Ponderay. The City's combined financial statements include the accounts of all City operations.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements present the governmental activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The City has no other governmental funds, so no non-major funds are presented.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources of the City as they relate to the maintenance and operation of the streets within the City.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Major Funds

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the general fund be reported as a major fund. In addition, major funds include all other government funds whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% or more of the total for all government funds. Accordingly, the City reports the following major government funds:

General Fund Street Fund

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the City Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. The pool's investments are reported at fair value at September 30, 2021 based on market prices. The individual funds' portions of the pool's fair value are presented as part of "Cash and Investments". Earnings on the pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds monthly based on the average daily balance of each participating fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Because the State Investment Pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

Receivables and Payables

The City records real and personal property taxes as they are assessed, not as collected. Cancellations and uncollectible taxes for this and prior years were minimal, thus no allowance for uncollectible taxes is necessary.

Receivables for federal and State grants, Federal revenue sharing entitlements and State, County and local shared revenue are recorded as revenue in all fund types as measurable and available.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" or "interfund balances".

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City are stated at lower of cost or market value. The City uses the purchase method. Under the purchase method, purchases of inventories are recognized as expenditures when the goods are received and the transaction is vouchered. Because on-hand materials and supplies of the City are not considered significant, no amount is reflected on the balance sheet and no portion of fund balance is reserved.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

| | Prepaid | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|--------|--|--|
| | Expenses | | | |
| Liability Insurance | \$ | 14,627 | | |
| Workers Compensation Insurance | | 19,962 | | |
| Medical & Dental Insurance | | 16,653 | | |
| BNSF Railway | | 3,612 | | |
| Other Prepaid Expenses | | 3,493 | | |
| Total | \$ | 58,347 | | |

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

General infrastructure assets acquired after September 30, 2003 consist of the road network assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to September 30, 2003 and are reported at historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| | Estimated |
|------------------|--------------|
| Asset Class | Useful Lives |
| Infrastructure | 30 – 50 |
| Buildings | 10 – 40 |
| Vehicles | 5 – 20 |
| Office Equipment | 5 – 30 |
| Equipment | 3 – 20 |

Leases

Leases, which meet certain criteria established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, are classified as capital leases, and the assets and related liabilities are recorded at amounts equal to the lesser of the present value of minimum lease payments or the fair value of the leased property at the beginning of the respective lease term. Leases, which do not meet the criteria of a capital lease, are classified as operating leases.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

Employees eligible for leave include full-time equivalent employees that have been employed by the City for six months.

After the first year of employment, a full-time equivalent employee accrues six (6) days of vacation leave per year. During the second through tenth years of employment, an employee accrues 12 days per year. During the eleventh through fifteenth years of employment, an employee accrues 18 days per year, and after fifteen years of employment, 24 days per year. The maximum of unused vacation leave a full time employee may accumulate is their normal annual accumulation per above schedule, plus six days. Upon termination of employment from the City, an employee will be paid for unused vacation leave not to exceed the maximum accruals. The liability for accumulated vacations (\$45,781 at September 30, 2021) for governmental fund types, which represents normal accumulations, has been recorded in the government-wide statement of net position.

The City's sick leave policy permits the accumulation of sick leave for all full-time equivalent employees at the rate of one (1) day per month.

Employees are not paid for unused sick days upon termination of employment. Accordingly, sick pay is charged to expenditures when taken. No provision has been made in the financial statements for unused sick leave.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Polices

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish

Fund Balance Polices – (continued)

limitations on the use of resources through either a committed (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority of the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Mayor or Council may assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted—Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed—Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council's ordinance or resolution. This includes the budget reserves account.

Assigned—Amounts that are designated by the Mayor for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the City Council.

Unassigned—All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each November and attach as an enforceable lien on property. The levy is based on the assessed value listed as of the prior September for all property located within the City and is assessed by the County Assessor. They are payable in two installments due by December 20 and June 20 of the following year. The taxes are collected for and remitted to the City by Bonner County.

In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent that they are collected within 60 days of year-end, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. Receivables collectible after the 60-day date are reflected in the fund financial statements as unavailable revenue. In the government-wide financial statements property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied, in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City participates in the Idaho Counties Risk Management Program (ICRMP) to provide general liability, property insurance, and public officials' insurance. The City, along with other participating entities, contributes annual amounts determined by ICRMP management. As claims arise they are submitted to and paid by ICRMP. The City obtains workman's compensation insurance through the Idaho State Insurance Fund. The workman's compensation insurance premium is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. There were no special items or extraordinary items recorded during fiscal year September 30, 2021.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT BALANCES

Summary of Deposit and Investment Balances

<u>General</u>

State statutes authorize the City's investments. The City of Ponderay is authorized to invest in demand deposits, savings accounts, U.S. Government obligations and its agencies, obligations of Idaho and its agencies, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, prime domestic commercial paper, prime domestic bankers acceptances, bonds, debentures or notes of any corporation organized, controlled and operating within the U.S. which have at their purchase an "A" rating or higher, government pool and money market funds consisting of any of these securities listed. No violations of these categories have occurred.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk as it deposits funds in financial institutions that are members of the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and has never experienced such a loss.

As of September 30, 2021, the City's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk:

| Amount insured by FDIC or other agencies | \$ 250,000 |
|---|-----------------|
| Total deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk | 250,000 |
| Deposits with exposure to custodial credit risk: | |
| Amount collateralized with securities held in trust, but not in City's name | 4,587,267 |
| Amounts uninsured-exposed to custodial credit risk | 2,920,154 |
| Total deposits with exposure to custodial credit risk | 7,507,421 |
| Total bank balance (deposits) | \$ 7,757,421 |

The carrying amount is displayed as follows in the financial statements:

| statement of net position | |
|---|-----------------|
| Cash and investments | \$ 6,885,361 |
| Restricted cash and investments | 876,545 |
| | \$ 7,761,906 |
| Cash and investments at September 30, 2021, consist of the following: Cash | |
| Deposits with financial institutions | \$ 3,164,089 |
| Petty cash on hand | - |
| Cash equivalents | |
| Deposits with Idaho state investment pool | 4,597,817 |
| | \$ 7,761,906 |

State Investment Pool

Investments in 2a7-like pools are valued based upon the value of pool shares. The City invests in one 2a7-like pool, the Idaho State Investment Pool. The advisory board of the Idaho State Investment Pool is composed of members appointed pursuant to the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. The State Investment Pool is duly chartered and administered by the State Treasurer's Office and consists of US Treasury bills and notes, collateralized certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. The pool does not include any involuntary participants.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. Accordingly, the balances that the City has in the State Investment Pool are carried at fair value pursuant to GASB 31, and calculated on a monthly basis. The City's portion of the State Investment Pool had an unrealized gain of \$10,550 as of September 30, 2021. The unrealized gain was based on a fair market value adjustment factor of 1.0023 that was calculated by the State of Idaho's Treasurer's Office.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires the City to assign risk categories for its investments, except those in which securities are not used as evidence of the investment. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City's exposure to credit risk is not available.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

The following is a schedule of property taxes assessed for the year, collected and remaining to be received.

| | В | alance | Levy | Adjustments & | | | Е | Balance |
|-----------|----|---------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--|----|---------|
| Year | 9/ | 30/2020 | 2020 | | Collections | | 9/ | 30/2021 |
| 2016-2020 | \$ | 46,714 | \$ 1,014,647 | \$ | 1,024,749 | | \$ | 36,612 |

In accordance with NCGA Interpretation #3, revenue, which is not received within 60 days of the yearend, has been reflected as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue for property taxes. The balance as of September 30, 2021 is as follows:

| Taxes due at September 30, 2021 | \$ 36,612 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Received October 2021 | (639) |
| Received November 2021 | (53) |
| Total | \$ 35,920 |

The analysis of accounts receivable and due from other governments is as follows:

| GENERAL FUND State Revenue Sharing State Liquor Bed Tax Fines & Forfeitures Other Receivables | \$ | 33,697 56,766 109,348 566 1,418 |
|---|----|---|
| Total | \$ | 201,795 |
| STREET FUND Highway User Fees Franchise Fees Total | \$ | 15,116 7,649 22,765 |
| าบเลา | Φ | 22,700 |

All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectible. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable was \$0 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE 4 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The City entered into a jointly governed organization with the City of Sandpoint and the City of Dover to fund the SPOT transportation system, also known as Selkirk Pend Oreille Transit (SPOT). The purpose of this organization is to cooperatively provide transportation and mobility services. The City contributed \$67,500 during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

| | Balance 9/30/2020 | Additions | Disposals | Balance 9/30/2021 |
|---|----------------------|------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 3,912,900 | \$ 325,385 | \$ - | \$ 4,238,285 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 3,912,900 | 325,385 | | 4,238,285 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Admin. office equipment | \$ 57,345 | 32,404 | - | 89,749 |
| Buildings and improvements | 429,406 | 79,678 | - | 509,084 |
| Planning & zoning and parks | 735,094 | 39,859 | - | 774,953 |
| Law enforcement equipment | 102,998 | - | - | 102,998 |
| Law enforcement office equipment | 39,597 | 3,697 | - | 43,294 |
| Law enforcement vehicles | 202,140 | - | - | 202,140 |
| Highway and street assets | 90,664 | - | - | 90,664 |
| Infrastructure | 3,086,027 | 92,820 | - | 3,178,847 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 4,743,271 | 248,458 | - | 4,991,729 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 1,591,399 | 247,509 | - | 1,838,908 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 3,151,872 | 949 | - | 3,152,821 |
| Total governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 7,064,772 | \$ 326,334 | \$ - | \$ 7,391,106 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

| General government | \$ 18,330 |
|---|---------------|
| Planning & zoning and parks | 36,649 |
| Law enforcement | 35,167 |
| Highways and streets | 157,363 |
| Total business-type activities depreciation | \$ 247,509 |

Because the City is a Phase 3 government (governments with total annual revenues of less than \$10 million), the City is encouraged but not required to report major infrastructure assets retroactively. The City has not yet made a determination as to whether or not to record infrastructure assets retroactively.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The City has adopted the policy of acquiring certain capital assets through the use of lease-purchase agreements. In addition, long-term obligations of the City include compensated absences and future employee benefits. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general fund.

In July 2011, the City entered into a lease with Panhandle Area Council, Inc. for a 50-acre park located in Ponderay for one year, with automatic renewals annually for 19 years and includes an interest rate of 3.99%. The monthly lease payment is \$2,620. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City paid \$3,688 in interest. The park acquired through the lease-purchase agreement was in the amount of \$325,000. This agreement is secured by real property and has not been depreciated. This lease was paid off in July 2021, so the present value of the remaining payments as of September 30, 2021 is \$0.

Long-term Obligation Activity

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

| | | | В | Balance | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|----|----------|----|-----------|-----------|--------|--|
| Governmental Activities | 9/30/2020 | | I | ncreases | D | ecreases | 9/30/2021 | | |
| Compensated Absences | \$ | 39,778 | \$ | 6,003 | \$ | - | \$ | 45,781 | |
| Capital Lease | | 121,000 | | - | | (121,000) | | - | |
| | \$ | 160,778 | \$ | 6,003 | \$ | (121,000) | \$ | 45,781 | |

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Ponderay contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

Member and Employer Contributions - (continued)

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 74% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2021, it was 7.16% for general employees and 9.13% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The City's contributions were \$93,291 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.02069865 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension revenue of \$4,082. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| Deferred | |
|--|------------|
| Outflows of | Inflows of |
| Resources | Resources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 24,086 \$ | \$ 9,502 |
| Changes in assumptions or other inputs 187,647 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension | |
| plan investments - | 513,458 |
| Change in the District's proportion and differences between the City's | |
| contributions and the City's proportionate contributions 39,218 | 1,266 |
| District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date 25,698 | |
| Total \$ 276,649 \$ | 524,226 |

\$25,698 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2021.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2019, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, is 4.8 and 4.6 for the measurement period June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

| Year ended September 30: | |
|--------------------------|------------|
| 2022 | \$(61,936) |
| 2023 | (55,494) |
| 2024 | (46,976) |
| 2025 | (108,868) |

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | 2.30% |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| Salary increase | 3.05% |
| Salary inflation* | 3.05% |
| Investment rate of return** | 6.35% |
| Cost-of-living adjustments | 1.00% |
| oost of himig dajastinonts | 1.0070 |

^{*}there is an additional component of assumed salary growth (on top of the 3.05%) that varies for each individual member based on years of service

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2021 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2021.

^{**}net of pension plan investment expense

Capital Market Assumptions from Callan 2021

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic) | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic) | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Core Fixed Income | 30.00% | 1.80% | -0.20% | | | | | | |
| Broad US Equities | 55.00% | 8.00% | 6.00% | | | | | | |
| Developed Foreign Equities | 15.00% | 8.25% | 6.25% | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Assumed Inflation - Mean | | 2.00% | 2.00% | | | | | | |
| Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation | | 1.50% | 1.50% | | | | | | |
| Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return | | 6.18% | 4.18% | | | | | | |
| Portfolio Standard Deviation | | 12.29% | 12.29% | | | | | | |
| Portiono Standard Deviation | | 12.29% | 12.29% | | | | | | |
| Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return | | 5.55% | 3.46% | | | | | | |
| Assumed Investment Expenses | | 0.40% | 0.40% | | | | | | |
| Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, | | | | | | | | | |
| Net of Investment Expenses | | 5.15% | 3.06% | | | | | | |
| · | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Policy Assumptions from Pl | ERSI Board No | v 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, | | | | | | | | | |
| Net of Investment Expenses | | | 4.14% | | | | | | |
| Portfolio Standard Deviation | | | 14.16% | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Economic/Demographic Assumptions from Milliman 2021 | | | | | | | | | |
| Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board | | | 4.0=0/ | | | | | | |
| Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Exp | oenses | | 4.05% | | | | | | |
| Assumed Inflation | | | 2.30% | | | | | | |
| Long Torres Evenested Cooperation Date of Datum Net of Incompany | nt Evnanges | | 0.050/ | | | | | | |
| Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Investment | ni ⊏xpenses | | 6.35% | | | | | | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

<u>Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u>

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.35%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.35%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.35%) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Decrease | Dis | count Rate | 1 | % Increase |
|---------------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|------------|----|------------|
| | (! | 5.35%) | | (6.35%) | | (7.35%) |
| City's proportionate share of the net | | | | | | |
| pension liability (asset) | \$ | 568,269 | \$ | (16,347) | \$ | (495,569) |

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

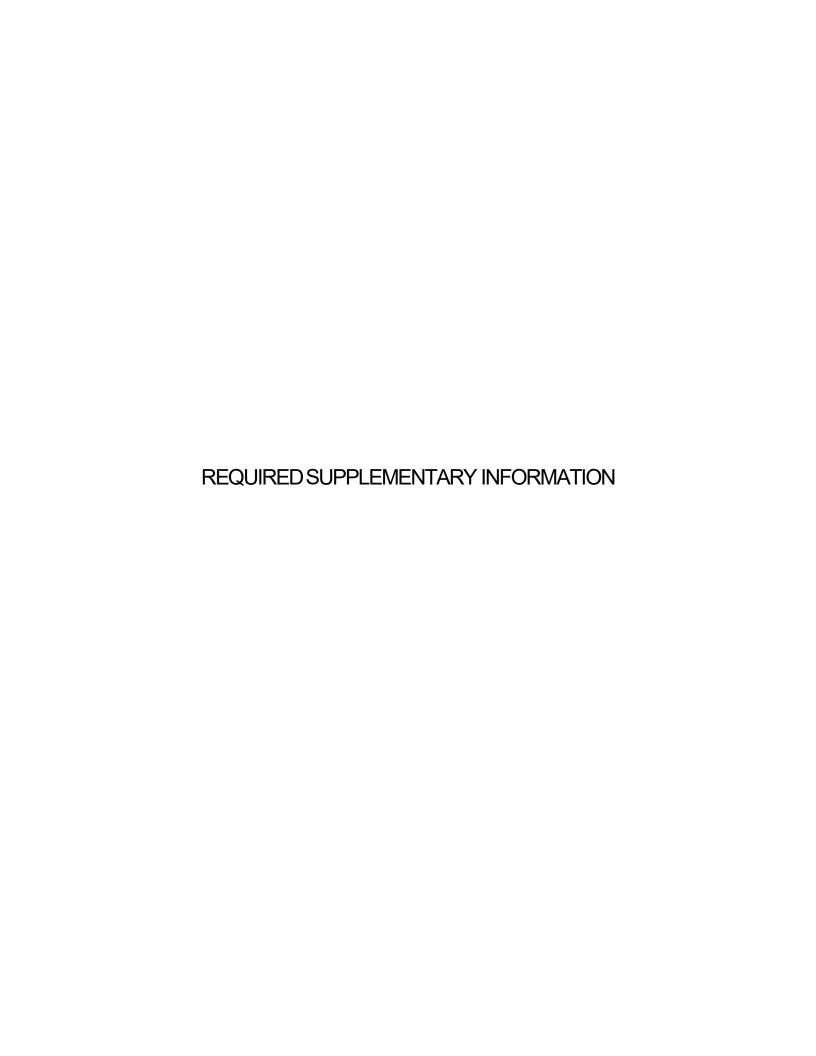
Payables to the pension plan

At September 30, 2021, the City reported no payables to the pension plan.

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The General Fund and Street Fund currently have cash available from impact fees in the amount of \$617,454 and \$259,091 which have legal restrictions on their use. These funds can only be used for expenditures necessary to accommodate new growth within the City. Accordingly, this amount is shown as both restricted fund balance and restricted net position.

The General Fund's assigned portion of fund balance in the amount of \$75,000 represents the City's approved payment for the fiscal year 2022 contribution to SPOT.



CITY OF PONDERAY

Schedule of City's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

| | 09/30/2021 | 09/30/2020 | 09/30/2019 | 09/30/2018 | 09/30/2017 | 09/30/2016 | 9/30/2015 |
|--|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| City's portion of the net pension liability | 0.02069865% | 0.0184872% | 0.0178877% | 0.0181113% | 0.0177920% | 0.0196339% | 0.0202309% |
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ (16,347) | \$ 429,297 | \$ 204,183 | \$ 267,145 | \$ 279,660 | \$ 398,009 | \$ 266,408 |
| City's covered-employee payroll | \$ 760,289 | \$ 705,529 | \$ 615,778 | \$ 580,074 | \$ 556,285 | \$ 587,516 | \$ 558,168 |
| City's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of | | | | | | | |
| its covered-employee payroll | -2.15% | 60.85% | 33.16% | 46.05% | 50.27% | 67.74% | 47.73% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 100.36% | 88.22% | 93.79% | 91.69% | 90.68% | 87.26% | 91.38% |

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City of Ponderay will present information for those to use for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021

Schedule of City's Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

| | 09/30/2021 | | 09/30/2020 | | 09/30/2019 | | 09/30/2018 | | 09/30/2017 | | 09/30/2016 | | 9/30/2015 | |
|--|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 81,724 | \$ | 72,533 | \$ | 68,446 | \$ | 70,334 | \$ | 59,997 | \$ | 58,364 | \$ | 66,176 |
| Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | \$ | (93,341) | \$ | (79,613) | \$ | (69,777) | \$ | (66,856) | \$ | (63,405) | \$ | (65,893) | \$ | (64,990) |
| Contribution (deficiency) excess | \$ | (11,617) | \$ | (7,080) | \$ | (1,331) | \$ | 3,478 | \$ | (3,408) | \$ | (7,529) | \$ | 1,186 |
| City's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 760,289 | \$ | 705,529 | \$ | 615,778 | \$ | 580,074 | \$ | 556,285 | \$ | 587,516 | \$ | 558,168 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 12.28% | | 11.28% | | 11.33% | | 11.53% | | 11.40% | | 11.22% | | 11.64% |

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City of Ponderay will present information for those to use for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021

See independent auditors' report.

CITY OF PONDERAY

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types Year Ended September 30, 2021

| | General Fund | | | Street Fund | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|
| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$1,052,408 | \$1,052,408 | \$1,013,038 | \$ 4,000 | \$ 4,000 | \$ 4,576 |
| Bed Tax | 153,000 | 153,000 | 409,471 | - | - | - |
| Penalties, Interest & Fines | 22,000 | 22,000 | 29,231 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,194 |
| Rents | 7,786 | 7,786 | 7,787 | - | - | - |
| Other Governmental | 2,763,342 | 2,764,342 | 3,633,509 | 380,504 | 380,504 | 180,825 |
| Licenses & Permits | 37,000 | 37,000 | 241,482 | - | - | - |
| Franchise Fees | - | - | - | 35,000 | 35,000 | 42,126 |
| Interest Earnings | 25,000 | 25,000 | 7,596 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2 |
| Grants | 400,000 | 400,000 | 66,489 | - | - | 248,107 |
| Gain on Sale of Assets | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other | 30,000 | 375,600 | 34,801 | - | - | - |
| Total Revenues | 4,490,536 | 4,837,136 | 5,443,404 | 423,504 | 423,504 | 477,830 |
| Expenditures: Current | | | | | | |
| General Government | 427,040 | 428,040 | 373,918 | - | - | - |
| Planning and Zoning | 3,133,925 | 3,479,525 | 716,457 | - | - | - |
| Law Enforcement | 929,571 | 929,571 | 1,223,254 | - | - | - |
| Highways and Streets | - | - | - | 423,504 | 423,504 | 185,021 |
| Total Expenditures | 4,490,536 | 4,837,136 | 2,313,629 | 423,504 | 423,504 | 185,021 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures | | - | 3,129,775 | | - | 292,809 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Net Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | - | | _ | - | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and | | | | | | |
| Other Sources Over Expenditures and | | | | | | |
| Other Uses | - | - | 3,129,775 | - | - | 292,809 |
| Fund Balance - October 1 | 4,211,706 | 4,211,706 | 4,211,706 | 42,337 | 42,337 | 42,337 |
| Fund Balance - September 30 | \$4,211,706 | \$4,211,706 | \$7,341,481 | \$ 42,337 | \$ 42,337 | \$ 335,146 |

See accompanying notes to budget and independent auditors' report.

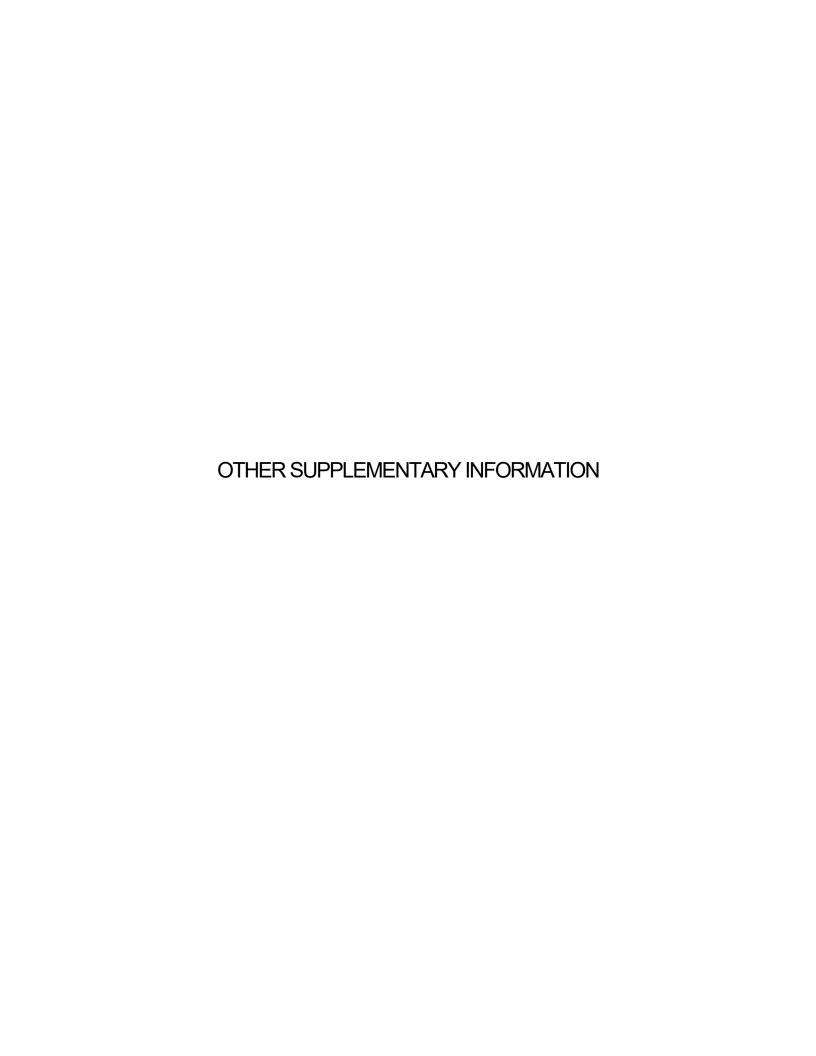
CITY OF PONDERAY Notes to the Budget and Actual Schedule Year Ended September 30, 2021

Budgets are adopted for the general fund and the street fund. The annual budget is a plan of financial operation with an estimate of expenditures and means of financing them. A preliminary budget is prepared in August, budget hearings are held, and then the final budget is adopted.

The adopted budget constitutes the appropriations for the City and is the maximum limit of expenditures in each budgeted fund. The adopted budget may be amended for emergencies and other matters as provided by State law.

The budget is prepared on the basis of accounting described for its governmental funds in Note 1 to the financial statement. Tax levies are set by expenditure requirements but are authorized and limited by State law. Transfers of budget authority within a fund are permitted. Appropriations lapse at September 30, except those expenditures made prior to October 30 for appropriations of the preceding fiscal year may be charged to that fiscal year. There were no such expenditures in fiscal year 2021.

The amounts shown in the budget column of the schedule are the original and final budgeted amounts. State law requires only that a fund's total expenditures not exceed total budgeted expenditures.



CITY OF PONDERAY

Detailed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types

Year Ended September 30, 2021

TOTALS Governmental Fund Types (Memorandum Only) Planning Year Ended General Law Government Parks and Enforcement Sub-Total Streets 9/30/2021 Development Revenues: General: **Property Taxes** 80,725 \$ 91,486 840,827 \$ 1,013,038 \$ 4,576 \$ 1,017,614 70,000 **Bed Tax** 339,471 409,471 409,471 28,686 31,425 Penalties, Interest & Fines 545 29,231 2,194 Rents 7.787 7,787 7,787 Other Government 3.069.898 563.611 3,633,509 180.825 3,814,334 Licenses & Permits 241,482 241,482 241,482 Franchise Fees 42,126 42,126 5.686 1.886 24 7.596 7,598 Interest Earnings 33,478 248,107 Grants 33,011 66,489 314,596 Gain on Sale of Assets Other 17.440 17,304 57 34.801 34.801 3,795,967 5,921,234 **Total General Revenue** 777,843 869,594 5,443,404 477,830 **Expenditures:** General: Salaries 147,571 6.363 772,874 140.513 478,427 766.511 Payroll Taxes & Benefits 106,871 49,191 174,518 330,580 1,246 331,826 Accounting and Audit 9,805 9.805 _ 9,805 **Animal Control** 1.000 1,000 1,000 **Building Maintenance** 1,204 695 2,905 4,804 4,804 **Building Permits** 153,449 153,449 153,449 Capital Outlay 50.004 365,244 65,775 481,023 92,820 573,843 Codification 1.017 1.093 2.110 2.110

See independent auditors' report.

| Community Outreach | 485 | - | 6,000 | 6,485 | - | 6,485 |
|---|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| Computer Maintenance & Software | 805 | 4,318 | 4,419 | 9,542 | - | 9,542 |
| Custodial | 1,577 | - | 3,560 | 5,137 | - | 5,137 |
| Dues, Books and Training | 1,176 | 321 | _ | 1,497 | - | 1,497 |
| Engineering | - | - | - | - | 27,698 | 27,698 |
| Fuel | - | - | 10,539 | 10,539 | - | 10,539 |
| Grant Expense | - | 56 | _ | 56 | - | 56 |
| Insurance | 10,231 | 6,003 | 24,950 | 41,184 | - | 41,184 |
| Legal Publications | 1,707 | 67 | - | 1,774 | - | 1,774 |
| Lexipol & Training | - | - | 2,186 | 2,186 | - | 2,186 |
| Miscellaneous | 5,442 | 8,589 | 4,102 | 18,133 | 1,777 | 19,910 |
| Park Expense | 833 | 289,628 | - | 290,461 | - | 290,461 |
| Planning and Zoning | - | 32,340 | - | 32,340 | - | 32,340 |
| Postage | 1,473 | - | - | 1,473 | - | 1,473 |
| Professional Fees | - | 11,553 | - | 11,553 | - | 11,553 |
| Projects | - | 168 | - | 168 | 477 | 645 |
| Signs & Striping | - | - | - | - | 33,329 | 33,329 |
| SPOT Transit System | 67,500 | - | - | 67,500 | - | 67,500 |
| Street Lights & Signals | - | - | - | - | 7,874 | 7,874 |
| Street Maintenance | - | 1,000 | - | 1,000 | 10,987 | 11,987 |
| Supplies & Office Expenses | 4,563 | 14,566 | 2,348 | 21,477 | - | 21,477 |
| Telephone | 3,497 | 720 | 9,433 | 13,650 | - | 13,650 |
| Training | 2,832 | 1,742 | 3,017 | 7,591 | - | 7,591 |
| Uniforms | - | - | 3,986 | 3,986 | - | 3,986 |
| Utilities | 5,329 | 444 | 5,217 | 10,990 | 2,450 | 13,440 |
| Vehicle Maintenance | - | - | 5,625 | 5,625 | - | 5,625 |
| Total Expenditures | 423,922 | 1,081,700 | 808,007 | 2,313,629 | 185,021 | 2,498,650 |
| Excess of Revenues over | | | | | | |
| (under) Expenditures | 3,372,045 | (303,857) | 61,587 | 3,129,775 | 292,809 | 3,422,584 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Sources | | | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Use | 3,372,045 | (303,857) | 61,587 | 3,129,775 | 292,809 | 3,422,584 |
| Fund Balance - October 1 | 3,981,047 | 249,638 | (18,979) | 4,211,706 | 42,337 | 4,254,043 |
| Fund Balance - September 30 | \$ 7,353,092 | \$ (54,219) | \$ 42,608 | \$ 7,341,481 | \$ 335,146 | \$ 7,676,627 |





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Council City of Ponderay, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Ponderay, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Ponderay, Idaho's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Ponderay, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Ponderay, Idaho's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Ponderay, Idaho's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, that we consider to be a significant deficiency. See item #2021-1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Ponderay, Idaho's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Ponderay, Idaho's Response to Findings

City of Ponderay, Idaho's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Ponderay, Idaho's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Bros. CPAs Post Falls, Idaho

Underson Bros

CITY OF PONDERAY Schedule of Findings and Responses September 30, 2021

2021-1

Deferred Grant Revenues & Recognized Revenues

Criteria

GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, requires expenditure-driven grant revenue to be recognized when the associated expenditure is incurred.

Condition

A \$400,000 General Fund grant received by the City during fiscal year 2019/20 was partially spent during fiscal year 2020/21, and the related revenues were not recognized in the corresponding period. The proposed adjustments decreased deferred revenues by \$102,356 and increased revenues by \$102,356.

Effect

Prior to the incorporation of the required adjustments related to these grant monies, net position was understated on the government-wide financial statements and total fund balance was understated by \$102,356.

Cause

The City did not adjust deferred grant revenues for grant expenditures as they occurred during fiscal year 2020/21.

Recommendations

In the future, we would recommend that the City review all grant monies received and the expenditures related to each grant in order to make any necessary year-end adjustments to grant related deferrals and revenues.

Views of Responsible Officials

In the future, the City plans to thoroughly review and track grants we receive very closely. The City will utilize a separate spreadsheet for tracking expenditures which will assist in any year end adjustments to grant deferrals or revenues.